

NO UNCERTAIN TERMS

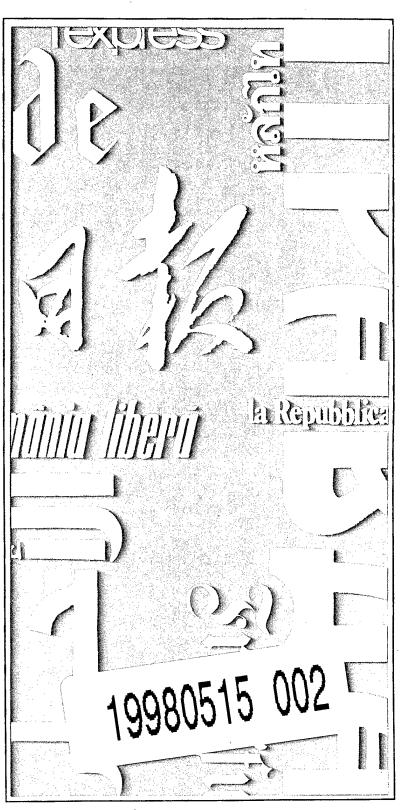
Terminology Guide for Translators

Volume 8 Number 1 1993

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JPRS-NNT-93-036 JAN-FEB 1993



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DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A

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REPRODUCED BY

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

NATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERVICE

SPRINGFIELD, VA 22161

ARTICLE SUBMISSIONS

No Uncertain Terms is published as an aid to translators to promote accuracy in translations published by the Foreign Broadcast Information Service. The magazine is intended as a forum for the observations of U.S. Government translators and interpreters. Word lists or short articles elucidating specific, practical translation problems at the stylistic, grammatical, or individual word level are solicited. No payment is offered for contributions. Readers may address all comments or contributions to Editor, No Uncertain Terms, Foreign Broadcast Information Service, P. O. Box 2604, Washington, D.C. 20013.

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Chinese	Hausa	Lithuanian	Slovene	Uzbek
Creole	Hebrew	Malay	Spanish	Vietnamese
Czech	Hindi	Mandarin	Swahili	

FROM THE EDITOR

In this issue we present several Russian word lists, two contributed by readers ("Russian Social Science Terms," and "Problem Russian Terms"). "Russian Legal Terms" represents the best efforts of our FBIS linguists, analysts, and editors to sort out terminology in the new Russian legal and political system, and is, of course, subject to being updated as the situation there develops. The article on Haitian Creole was submitted by one of our bureau monitors

We thank all of our bureau personnel and readers for their contributions to this issue. We welcome more of these, which add to the variety and usefulness of this publication. We also encourage our readers to send their comments, suggestions, and corrections, either to glossaries and abbreviation/acronym lists in FBIS/JPRS reference aids or to NUTs items.

"Multilingual Business Terms" is the first in a series of items relating to business, finance, and economic terms in Europe. We are preparing lists of terms used in eastern Europe for future issues.

We also continue the series "Best of NUTs," with favorite items from past issues.

Jackie Murgida

EURASIA

Russian Legal Terms

FBIS is currently using the following standardizations for Russian legal terms. This applies not just to Russian, but to the corresponding terms in the other languages of the former USSR, as appropriate. Naturally, these are subject to change as new institutions develop and depending on new information about them.

3AKOH -- law

*A body of rules of action or conduct prescribed by controlling authority and having binding legal force.

Issued by president, Supreme Soviet.

YKA3 -- edict

*A formal decree, command, or proclamation...that...enacts a new statute and carries with it the authority of law.

Issued by president, Supreme Soviet.

ПОСТАНОВЛЕНИЕ -- decree

An enactment validating a law or edict; a decisive or clarifying statement or verdict; a formal expression of opinion, will, or intent of an official body or a public assembly, adopted by vote.

Issued by government, Cabinet of Ministers, Supreme Soviet, Congress of People's Deputies.

ПОЛОЖЕНИЕ -- statute

*A formal written enactment of a legislative body...declaring, commanding, or prohibiting something.

Issued by Supreme Soviet.

РАСПОРЯЖЕНИЕ -- directive

Details and regulates the day-to-day operation of the law, sets forth procedures. Issued by president, Supreme Soviet, government.

РЕГЛАМЕНТ --

1. regulations

2. standing orders (parliamentary usage)

1. *Rules or orders having force of law issued by executive authority of government. ПОРЯДОК -- procedure

*The mode of proceeding by which a legal right is enforced, as distinguished from the substantive law which gives or defines the right.

РЕШЕНИЕ-- 1. decision (government usage)

2. ruling (court usage)

1. *A determination arrived at after consideration of facts, and, in legal context, law. It may be employed as referring to ministerial acts as well as to those that are iudicial.

2. *A judicial or administrative interpretation of a provision of a statute, order,

regulation, or ordinance.

ПРИГОВОР -- sentence (court usage)

*The judgement formally announced by the court or judge upon the defendant after his conviction in a criminal prosecution.

ПРАВИЛО -- rule

*A principle or regulation set up by authority, prescribing or directing action or forbearance; as, the rules of a legislative body, of a company, court, public office, of the law, of ethics.

ПРИКАЗ -- order

*A mandate, precept; command, or direction authoritatively given; rule or regulation.

- 1. rules (political parties)
- 2. charter (businesses)
- 3. by-laws (clubs)
- 4. regulations (military)

РЕЗОЛЮЦИЯ -- resolution

(This term, formerly associated with the CPSU, is rarely encountered in current usage.)

*NOTE: Definitions marked with an asterisk are drawn from Black's Law Dictionary (Sixth Edition, 1990).

FBIS Staff

Russian Social Science Terms

Kurt McFye sent the following letter responding to a recent glossary published by FBIS. Our Russian linguists concur with his corrections and additions, and we thank him for contributing his expertise.

Have just received FBIS-USR-92-052, Glossary of Selected Russian Social Science Terms, and read it almost cover-to-cover, finding it full of very excellent suggestions for the translator.

I noticed a few typos and a couple of terms I felt were incorrectly interpreted.

Specifically, условная единица usually means arbitrary unit, an indication that the data is not to scale and does not use standard units; а головной образец need not be a pilot model, it can be the first one of any batch; парамлелизм в работе sometimes, at least, if not always, means dividing a task up into parts that different participants can work on simultaneously; предел прочности could refer to ultimate tensile strength, but it also applies to ultimate bending strength, ultimate compression strength, and some other ultimate strengths.

Enclosed is a list of other minor errors I spotted, plus suggestions you might find suitable to add to some of the entries.

Of course, the occurrence of something is easier to prove than its nonoccurrence, and some of the usages I think incorrect may in fact be authentic, but outside the range of my experience. I merely suggest a second look be taken at the terms on the attached pages.

Page no.	Presently reads	Change to or add
9	безтарный	бестарный
14	department (under ведомство)	agency, department
16	внешняя задолжность	внешняя задолженность
17	rationalizers (under ВОИР)	efficiency experts
19	выделять	$m{Add}$: identify
21	выявление	$m{Add}$: identification
21	выявлять	$m{Add}$: identify
23	головн ы й образец pilot model (<i>ibid</i>)	головн о й образец lead-off model
25	грамотный	Add: informed, competent
32	standard unit (<i>under</i> единица, 'условная)	arbitrary unit

35	животное/коровье масло	Add : коровье/животное масло $(page\ 60)$
36	за счет	$m{Add}$: through
45	иждевство	иждивенство
46	изживать безхозяйственность	изживать бесхозяйственность
58	конвейер, поликовый	конвейер, роликовый
59	конъюктурная цена	конъюнктурная цена
60	кормилец	$m{Add}$: breadwinner
62	крывые безразличия	$m{Add}$: trade-offs
69	малсо, смазочое	масло, смазочное
69	малсодельная	маслодельная
74	митинг	$oldsymbol{Add}$: demonstration, rally
77	на лево	налево
79	накопленная задолжность	накопленная задолже н ность
85	нещадить	не щадить
90	обоснование	$oldsymbol{Add}$: validation
90	pilot model (<i>under</i> образец, головной)	lead-off model
91	smooth talking (<i>under</i> обтекаемо говорить)	talk smooth
99	отработать	Add: rehearse
101	duplication of work (<i>under</i> параллелизм)	dividing up of work (so several people can do parts of the job simultaneously)
103	перевэз, безтарный	перевоз, бестарный
109	под ключь	под ключ
111	поликовый конвейер	р оликовый конвейер
112	политические течении	политические течени я
116	yield strength (<i>under</i> предел прочности)	ultimate strength
122	проект под ключь	проект под ключ
128	работать на лево	работать налево
128	работать «на лево»	Drop (repeats above entry)
130	разгосударствленние	разгосударствление
131	распологать	располагать
134	рационализатор	$m{Add}$: efficiency expert
142	систематехника	системотехника
152	столовий	столовый

166	укомплект ир овать	укомплектовывать, укомплектовать
166	уменшать	уменьшать
166	уменшать расходы	уменьшать расходы
168	standard unit (<i>under</i> условная единица)	arbitrary unit
178	time-sharing (under центр коллективного пользования)	time-sharing computer center
185	экопонант	Delete (repeated below)
185	экспонант	экспонат
188	эффективност	эффективност ь

PROBLEM RUSSIAN TERMS

The following list was submitted by Edward E.M. Wright. It is made up of miscellaneous Russian terms and phrases, some very colloquial, which he has encountered over a number of years in the Russian press and which were not in his dictionary.

-	T T	~	SI	•	% T
u		-	_	^	1
-				~	

агрогулаг

а то и

безотходный

безуспешно бессмысленно

боевитость

брать свое (время берет свое)

бумаготворчество

вбить клин между

верховенство вздувание (цен)

видеотека

виновник торжества

в который раз

внештатный корреспондент

внештатный сотрудник

возрождение

вопрос из категории соленых

в ряду с

всплеск

в трудный (кого-то) час

выбрасывать/выбросить

(деньги) на ветер

выгодно

высветить

ENGLISH

(pejorative term for agricultural labor camp

system--no equivalent in English)

or even

nonwaste-producing, waste free

to no avail pointless (ly)

aggressiveness (in the sense of being decisive

or acting decisively)

to take (its) toll (time is taking its toll)

excessive paperwork, red tape, paper shuffling,

pencil pushing

to drive a wedge between

supremacy

(price) inflation

video library

the man of the hour

for the umpteenth time

stringer

part-timer

revitalization

a loaded question

right next to

surge (of water, etc.)

in (someone's) hour of need

to throw (money) down the drain

worthwhile

to illuminate vividly (literally and

figuratively)

RUSSIAN

выходить из-под контроля

двигать кем-то

жаждать (делать что-то)

закавыка (но вот и закавыка)

заново

за чертой

звездный час

звучать (примерно так)

земляне

знать (что-то) из верных рук

знаюший

инопланетянин

«искусственник»

компетентные власти

копилка

коробить кого-то от чего-то

меня коробит от таких слов

куда там

лед только тронулся

«мелочовка»

оти, что аткноп онжом

на все случаи жизни

напрашиваться (вопрос,

сравнение)

научный руководитель

не всякому слуху верь

недужащий

ничем не-

обеспокоенность

ENGLISH

to get out of control/hand

to motivate someone

to long/yearn (to do something)

the catch, the kicker (but here's the catch) (an

unexpected obstacle or difficulty)

from scratch (to start or develop something

from scratch)

in dire straits (used to describe someone in

very serious trouble, often economic)

time to shine, moment of glory

to go (something like this/that)

earthlings

to have/know (something) on good authority

knowledgeable

extraterrestrial (noun)

bottle baby (one not breastfed)

the appropriate/proper authorities (those who have the proper authority or jurisdiction to

handle something)

coffers

to get bent out of shape about something

(figuratively)

get bent out of shape when I hear things

like that

to no avail

the surface has barely been scratched

"petty trifle/triviality" (even less significant

than мелочь) (pejorative)

to put it another way

in any event

to come to mind (a question, a comparison)

scientific adviser

don't believe everything you hear

totally un- (plus adjective or adverb)

anxiety, uneasiness

RUSSIAN

оживление

осекаться

остаться позади

отнести на собственный счет

отшуметь

«парадный»

парниковый эффект

повязка

подачка

полузнайство

попадать/попасть в цейтнот

привязные ремни

примерно так

припомаживать

действительность

провод в армию

расползание

рука руку моет

сбрасывать со счетов

своего рода что-то

скандалить/наскандалить

скачками

слагать/сложить с себя что-то

соблюдать порядок

списанный

списывать/списать

срывать срок

ставить под сомнение

сталкиваться/столкнуться с

судьбоносный

то густо, то пусто

ENGLISH

commotion (in a crowd, etc.)

to be messed up, to be screwed up, to be fouled

u

to be a thing of the past

to pick up the tab for, to pay out of one's own

pocket for

to die down, to fade out or away (noise, etc.)

pro forma, for show

greenhouse effect

armband (political, etc.)

handout (charity or governmental)

superficial knowledge, amateurishness

to be (hard) pressed for time (German Zeitnot)

seat belts (restraints, restraining straps)

something like this/that

to touch up reality

induction into the army

spread (of nuclear weapons)

You scratch my back and I'll scratch yours.

to discount (as in "disregard")

a unique type/kind of something

to raise a fuss

by leaps and bounds

to relinquish something

to maintain order

scrapped (a missile, etc.)

to scrap (a missile, etc.)

to fail to meet a deadline/time frame

to place in doubt

to contend/deal with (often with "to have" or

"to be forced" in front of it)

fateful

"feast or famine" (plus appropriate modifiers)

RUSSIAN

убежденный сторонник угождать/угодить капризу ужесточаться утечка мозгов чудак

ENGLISH

staunch supporter
to satisfy a whim
to become more rigid/stringent, to tighten
brain drain
oddball

Central Asian Muslim Names

The following tables contain Muslim personal names derived from Arabic that are used in Central Asia. For each name, the Cyrillic is given, followed by the FBIS transliteration from Cyrillic, the Arabic name from which it is derived, and the FBIS Arabic transliteration. A translation or equivalent of each name is also provided. FBIS policy is to use the Cyrillic-based transliteration of personal names in the former Soviet republics.

MALE NAMES

Cyrillic	Cyrillic Transliteration	Arabic	Arabic Transliteration	English Translation
Абдулла	Abdulla	عبدالله	'Abdallah	Servant of God
Абдульхак	Abdulkhak	عبد الحق	'Abd-al-Haqq	Servant of the Truth
Абдульхаким	Abdulkhakim	عبد الحكيم	'Abd-al-Hakim	Servant of the Wise
Абдуррахман	Abdurrakhman	عبد الرحمان	'Abd-al-Rahman	Servant of the Merciful
Адиль	Adil	عادل	'Adil	Just
Азиз	Aziz	عزيز	'Aziz	Beloved, Mighty
Айуб, Аюб	Ayub	أيُّوب	Ayyub	Job
Акбар	Akbar	أكبر	Akbar	Greatest
Али	Ali	علي	'Ali	Lofty
Алим	Alim	عليم	'Alim	All-Knowing, Omniscient
Альманзор	Almanzor	المنصور	al-Mansur	Victorious
Амин	Amin	أمين	Amin	Faithful
Амир	Amir	أمير	Amir	Prince, Commander

Cyrillic	Cyrillic Transliteration	Arabic	Arabic Transliteration	English Translation
Афдал	Afdal	أفضل	Afdal	Excellent, Prominent
Ахмад, Ахмед, Ахмет	Akhmad, Akhmed, Akhmet	أحمد	Ahmad	Most praiseworthy
Ашраф	Ashraf	أشرف	Ashraf	Most noble
Баттал	Battal	بطل	Batal	Hero
Гамаль	Gamal	جمال	Jamal	Beauty
Ганий	Ganiy	غني	Ghani	Rich
Гафур	Gafur	غفور	Ghafur	Forgiving
Гаффар	Gaffar	غفار	Ghaffar	Forgiving
Данияль	Daniyal	دانيال	Danyal	Daniel
Дауд, Давуд	Daud, Davud	داود	Dawud	David
Джамалутдин	Dzhamalutdin	جمال الدين	Jamal-al-Din	Beauty of the Faith
Джамаль	Dzhamal	جمال	Jamal	Beauty
Джамиль	Dzhamil	جميل	Jamil	Beautiful
Зейд	Zeyd	زید	Zayd	Increase
Икрам	Ikram	إكرام	Ikram	Honor, Respect
Инсар	Insar	أنصار	Ansar	Supporters
Исмаил	Ismail	إسماعيل	Isma'il	Ishmael
Исхак	Iskhak	إسحاق	Ishaq	Isaac
Кабир	Kabir	كبير	Kabir	Great
Кадыр	Kadyr	قادر	Qadir	Powerful, Capable

Cyrillic	Cyrillic Transliteration	Arabic	Arabic Transliteration	English Translation
Кариб	Karib	قريب	Qarib	Relative, Close
Карим	Karim	كريم	Karim	Generous
Касим	Kasim	قاسم	Qasim	Distributor
Кафир	Kafir	كافر	Kafir	Infidel
Мавлюд	Mavlyud	مولود	Mawlud	Born
Маджид	Madzhid	مجيد	Majid	Glorious
Малик	Malik	مالك	Malik	Possessor
Мансур	Mansur	منصور	Mansur	Victorious
Махмуд	Makhmud	محمود	Mahmud	Praiseworthy
Микаил	Mikail	ميخائيل	Mikha'il	Michael
Мумин	Mumin	مؤمن	Mu'min	Faithful
Мурад	Murad	مراد	Murad	Desire, Wish
Муса	Musa	موسى	Musa	Moses
Муслим	Muslim	مسلم	Muslim	Muslim
Мустафа	Mustafa	مصطني	Mustafa	Chosen
Муталиб	Mutalib	مطالب	Mutalib	Claimant
Мухаммад, Мухаммед, Магомет	Mukhammad, Mukhammed, Magomet	محمد	Muhammad	Praiseworthy, Praised
Мухитдин	Mukhitdin	محيي الدين	Muhyi-al-Din	Reviver of the Faith
Мухтар	Mukhtar	مختار	Mukhtar	Chosen
Наби	Nabi	نبي	Nabi	Prophet

Cyrillic	Cyrillic Transliteration	Arabic	Arabic Transliteration	English Translation
Наджиб	Nadzhib	نجيب	Najib	Noble-born, Excellent
Назым	Nazym	ناظم	Nazim	Poet, Arranger
Назыф	Nazyf	نظيف	Nazif	Clean
Насыр	Nasyr	ناصر	Nasir	Helper, Defender
Раис	Rais	رئيس	Ra'is	Chief
Рамадан, Рамазан	Ramadan, Ramazan	ومضان	Ramadan	Ramadan [Islamic month]
Расул	Rasul	رسول	Rasul	Messenger [of God]
Рахим, Рагим	Rakhim, Ragim	رحيم	Rahim	Compassionate
Рахман	Rakhman	رحمان	Rahman	Merciful
Сабир	Sabir	صابر	Sabir	Patient
Садык	Sadyk	صادق	Sadiq	Truthful, Sincere
Саид	Said	سيّد	Sayyid	Lord, Master
Салим, Селим	Salim, Selim	سليم	Salim	Healthy
Салих	Salikh	صالح	Salih	Devout, Good
Сафар	Safar	صفر	Safar	Safar [Islamic month]
Сафир	Safir	سفير	Safir	Ambassador
Сейфуддин	Seyfuddin	سيف الدين	Sayf-al-Din	Sword of the Faith
Сейфулла	Seyfulla	سيف الله	Sayfallah	Sword of God
Сулейман	Suleyman	سليان	Sulayman	Solomon

Cyrillic	Cyrillic Transliteration	Arabic	Arabic Transliteration	English Translation
Султан	Sultan	سلطان	Sultan	Power, Sultan
Убайдулла, Бейдулла	Ubaydulla, Beydulla	عبيدالله	'Ubaydallah	Servant of God [diminutive]
Фазыл	Fazyl	فاضل	Fadil	Eminent, Virtuous
Фарид	Farid	فريد	Farid	Unique
Фейсал	Feysal	فيصل	Faysal	Arbiter
Хаким	Khakim	حكيم	Hakim	Wise
Халим	Khalim	حليم	Halim	Gentle, Mild
Ханна, Юханна	Khanna, Yukhanna	حنّا ، يوحنّا	Hanna, Yuhanna	John
Харун	Kharun	هارون	Harun	Aaron
Хасан	Khasan	حسن	Hasan	Handsome, Good
Хикмет	Khikmet	حكمت	Hikmat	Wisdom
Хусейн	Khuseyn	حسين	Husayn	[Diminutive of Hasan]
Хассан	Khassan	حسّان	Hassan	Very handsome
Шабан	Shaban	شبعان	Shab'an	Sated, Rich
		شعبان	Sha'ban	Sha'ban [Islamic month]
Шамиль	Shamil	شامل	Shamil	Complete, Universal
Шамси	Shamsi	شمسي	Shamsi	Solar
Шамсуддин	Shamsuddin	شمس الدين	Shams-al-Din	Sun of the Faith
Шарафуддин	Sharafuddin	شمس الدين شرف الدين	Sharaf-al-Din	Honor of the Faith

Cyrillic	Cyrillic Transliteration	Arabic	Arabic Transliteration	English Translation
Шариф	Sharif	شريف	Sharif	Noble
Юнус	Yunus	يونس	Yunus	Jonah
Юсуф	Yusuf	يوسف	Yusuf	Joseph
Якуб	Yakub	يعقوب	Ya'qub	Jacob
Ясу, Иса	Yasu, Isa	یسوع ، عیسی	Yasuʻ, ʻIsa	Jesus
Яхья	Yakhya	یحی	Yahya	John the Baptist

FEMALE NAMES

Cyrillic	Cyrillic Transliteration	Arabic	Arabic Transliteration	English Translation
Аза	Aza	عزاء	'Aza'	Solace, Consolation
Азиза	Aziza	عزيزة	'Azizah	Beloved
Аида	Aida	عائدة	'A'idah	Returner, Aida
Айна	Ayna	عينة	'Aynah	Glance, Eye
Айша	Aysha	عائشة	'A'ishah	Living
Амаль	Amal	أمل	Amal	Норе
Бисмиля	Bismilya	بسالله	Bismillah	In the Name of God
Будур	Budur	بدور	Budur	Full moons
Джамиля, Джамилят	Dzhamilya, Dzhamilyat	جميلة ، جميلت	Jamilah	Beautiful
Джаухар	Dzhaukhar	جوهر	Jawhar	Jewel
Дина	Dina	دينة	Dinah	Debt
Заида, Заидат	Zaida, Zaidat	زائدة ، زائدت	Za'idah, Za'idat	Addition, Increase
Заира	Zaira	زائرة	Za'irah	Visitor, Guest
Замиля	Zamilya	زميلة	Zamilah	Companion
Захра	Zakhra	زهرة	Zahrah	Flower
Зейнаб	Zeynab	زينب	Zaynab	Short, plump woman
Зина, Зинат	Zina, Zinat	زينة ، زينت	Zinah, Zinat	Adornment
Зухра	Zukhra	زهرة	Zuhrah	Brightness, Beauty
Карима, Кариме	Karima, Karime	كريمة	Karimah	Generous
Лайла, Лейла	Layla, Leyla	لیلی	Layla	Intoxication, Long, dark night

Cyrillic	Cyrillic Transliteration	Arabic	Arabic Transliteration	English Translation
Мадина, Медина	Madina, Medina	مدينة	Madinah	Madinah, City
Мамлакат	Mamlakat	مملکت	Mamlakat	Kingdom
Марджан, Марджана	Mardzhan, Mardzhana	مرجان ، مرجانة	Marjan, Marjanah	Coral
Марьям	Maryam	مريم	Maryam	Mary
Махаббат	Makhabbat	محبت	Mahabbat	Love
Раиса	Raisa	رئيسة	Ra'isah	Chief, Head
Раут	Raut	راعوت	Ra'ut	Ruth
Рифка	Rifka	ر فقة	Rifqah	Kindness
Садыка	Sadyka	صادقة	Sadiqah	Truthful, True
Саида	Saida	سعيدة	Sa'idah	Нарру
Саламат	Salamat	سلامت	Salamat	Security, Health, Freedom from defect
Салима, Селима	Salima, Selima	سليمة	Salimah	Healthy
Сара	Sara	سارة	Sarah	Sarah
Сафия, Сафият	Safiya, Safiyat	صفیة ، صفیت	Safiyah, Safiyat	Sincere friend, Pure
Симха	Simkha	سمحة	Samhah	Magnanimous, Generous, Kind
Султанат	Sultanat	سلطنت	Saltanat	Power, Authority
Суфия	Sufiya	صوفية	Sufiyah	Sufi, Mystic
Тамара	Tamara	تمرة	Tamrah	Date

Cyrillic	Cyrillic Transliteration	Arabic	Arabic Transliteration	English Translation
Фарида	Farida	فريدة	Faridah	Precious pearl, Unique
Фатима, Фатимат	Fatima, Fatimat	فاطمة ، فاطمت	Fatimah, Fatimat	Woman who weans, Fatimah
Халима	Khalima	حليمة	Halimah	Gentle, Mild
Хаят	Khayat	حياة ، حيات	Hayah, Hayat	Life
Хусни	Khusni	حسني	Husna	Most beautiful

EUROPE

Multilingual Business Terminology

The table on the following pages contains business terminology in German, British English, French, Italian, Spanish, and American English. The information in the table is adapted from an item in the German newspaper Handelsblatt and was compiled by the International Chamber of Commerce. We have left the basic format as found in the German original, with the other languages keyed to the German list in the leftmost column.

We welcome our readers' comments on these terms and how they are used in other countries, including English variants, such as Canadian, Australian, and Irish usage.

GERMAN	British English	FRENCH
AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT (AG)	PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY (PLC)	SOCIÉTÉ ANONYME (S.A.)
Mitglied des Vorstandes	Member of the Board of Management	Membre du Directoire
Stv. Mitglied des Vorstandes	Deputy Member of the Board of Management	Membre Suppléant du Directoire
Vorsitzender des Vorstandes	Managing Director Chief Executive Officer Chairman of the Board of Management	Président du Directoire Président Directeur Général
Stv. Vorsitzender des Vorstandes	Vice Chairman of the Board of Management	Vice-Président du Directoire
Sprecher des Vorstandes	Managing Director Chief Executive Officer Chairman of the Board of Management	Président du Directoire Président Directeur Général
Mitglied des Aufsichtsrates Vorsitzender des Aufsichtsrates	Member of the Supervisory Board Chairman of the Supervisory Board	Membre du Conseil de Surveillance Président du Conseil de Surveillance
Stv. Vorsitzender des Aufsichtsrates	Vice Chairman of the Supervisory Board	Vice-Président du Conseil de Surveillance
Generalbevollmächtigter Arbeitsdirektor	General Manager Director of Labour Relations	Directeur Général Directeur des Affaires Sociales
Prokurist Handlungsbevollmächtigter	Authorised Officer Assistant Manager	Fondé de Pouvoir Supérieur Fondé de Pouvoir
Aufsichtsrat	Supervisory Board	Conseil de Surveillance
Verwaltungerat	Administrative Board	Conseil d'Administration
Vorsitzender des Verwaltungsrates	Chairman of the Administrative Board	Président Directeur Général
Beirat Hauptversammlung	Advisory Board Shareholders' /General Meeting	Comité Consultatif Assemblée Générale des Actionnaires

ITALIAN	SPANISH	AMERICAN ENGLISH
SOCIETÀ PER AZIONI (S.P.A.)	SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA	CORPORATION (PUBLICLY HELD)
Membro del consiglio di amministrazione	Miembro del Consejo de Administración	Member of the Executive Board Member of the Board of Management Executive Vice President
Membro supplente del consiglio di	Miembro Suplente del Consejo de	Deputy Member of the Executive Board
amministrazione	Administración	Deputy Member of the Board
Presidente del consiglio di	Presidente del Consejo de	President and Chief Executive Officer
amministrazione	Administración	Chief Executive Officer President
		Chairman of the Executive Board Chairman of the Board
Vice presidente del consiglio di	Vicepresidente del Consejo de	Deputy Chairman of the Executive Board
amministrazione	Administración	Deputy Chairman of the Board
Portavoce del consiglio di	Presidente del Consejo de	President and Chief Executive Officer
amministrazione	Administración,	Chief Executive Officer
	Portavoz del Consejo de Administración	President
		Chairman of the Executive Board
		Chairman of the Board
Membro del collegio sindacale	Miembro del Consejo de Administración	Member of the Supervisory Board
Presidente del collegio sindacale	Presidente del Consejo de Administración	Chairman of the Supervisory Board
Vice Presidente del collegio sindacale	Vicepresidente del Consejo de	Deputy Chairman of the Supervisory
	Administración	Board
Direttore generale	Director General	General Manager
Amministratore addetto ai rapporti con il personale	Director de Relaciones Laborales	Director for Operations
Procuratore	Apoderado General	Authorized Agent, Purchasing Agent
Mandatario commerciale	Apoderado	Assistant Manager,
		Assistant Vice President
Collegio sindacale	Consejo de Administración	Supervisory Board
	Consejo de Vigilancia	
Consiglio di amministrazione,	Consejo de Administración,	Administrative Board
comitato di controllo	Consejo de Vigilancia	
Presidente del consiglio di	Presidente del Consejo de	Chairman of the Administrative Board
amministrazione;	Administración,	
Presidente del comitato di controllo	Presidente del Consejo de Vigilancia	
Consiglio	Consejo Consultivo	Advisory Board
Assemblea generale	Junta General	Stockholders'/Shareholders' Meeting

GERMAN	British English	FRENCH
GmbH	Private Limited Company	Société à responsabilité limitée (S.A.R.L.)
Geschäftsführer Vorsitzender der Geschäftsführung	Director Managing Director Chairman of the Board of Directors	Gérant Président Directeur Général
Prokurist Handlungsbevollmächtigter Aufsichtsrat Beirat Gesellschafterversammlung Gesellschafter	Authorised Officer Assistant Manager Supervisory Board Advisory Board Shareholders' / General Meeting Shareholder / Member	Fondé de Pouvoir Supérieur Fondé de Pouvoir Conseil de Surveillance Comité Consultatif Assemblée Générale des Associés Associé
ОНG	Partnership	Société en nom collectif
Gesellschafter Geschäftsführender Gesellschafter Prokurist	Partner Managing Partner Authorised Officer	Associé Associé Gérant Fondé de Pouvoir Supérieur
Kommanditgesellschaft	Limited Partnership	Société en commandite simple
Komplementär Persönlich haftender Gesellschafter Kommanditist Geschäftsführender Gesellschafter	General Partner General Partner Limited Partner Managing Partner	Commandité Commandité Commanditaire Associé Gérant
GMBH & CO. KG	LIMITED PARTNERSHIP WITH LIMITED COMPANY AS GENERAL PARTNER	SOCIÉTÉ À RESPONSABILITÉ LIMITÉE ET CO., SOCIÉTÉ EN COMMANDITE
Einzelkaufmann	Sole Proprietor/Sale Trader	Etablissement
Geschäftsinhaber Geschäftsteilhaber	Proprietor Co-owner/Co-Proprietor	Propriétaire exploitant Co-Propriétaire
Alleininhaber Prokurist	Sole Proprietor Authorised Officer	Propriétaire Fondé de Pouvoir Supérieur
Verband	Association	Association
Geschäftsführer Hauptgeschäftsführer Präsident Vorstand/Präsidium Ehrenvorsitzender	Director Managing Director President Board of Directors/Executive Board Honorary Chairman of the Board of Directors	Directeur Secrétaire Général Président Conseil d'Administration Président d'Honneur
Vorsitzender	Chairman of the Executive Board Chairman of the Board of Directors	Président du Conseil d'Administration
Hauptausschuß	Executive Committee	Comité Exécutif

ITALIAN	SPANISH	american english
Società a responsabilità limitata	Sociedad de Responsabilidad	Closed /Privately-Held Corporation
(s.r.l.)	Limitada (s.r.l.)	("Inc.," in company name)
Amministratore	Administrador	General Manager /Managing Director
Presidente del Consiglio di	Presidente del Consejo de	Chief Executive Officer
Amministrazione	Administración	President
		Chairman of the Board of Management
Procuratore	Apoderado General	Authorized Officer
Mandatario commerciale	Apoderado	Assistant Manager
Collegio sindacale	Consejo de Administración	Supervisory Board
Consiglio	Consejo Consultivo	Advisory Board
Assemblea dei soci	Junta General de Socios	Stockholders' Meeting
Socio	Socio	Shareholder/Stockholder
Società in nome collettivo (s.n.c.)	Sociedad Colectiva (s.c.)	Partnership
Socio	Socio	Partner
Socio amministratore	Socio gestor	Managing Partner
Procuratore	Apoderado General	Authorized Officer
Società in accomandita semplice (s.a.s.)	Sociedad Comanditaria	Limited Partnership
Socio accomandatario	Socio Colectivo	General Partner
Socio responsabile personalmente	Socio Colectivo	General Partner
Socio accomandante	Socio Comanditario	Limited Partner
Socio accomandante	Socio Comanditario	
	Sucio Gesur	Managing Partner
SOCIETÀ IN ACCOMANDITA	SOCIEDAD EN COMANDITA CUYO	LIMITED PARTNERSHIP WITH
SEMPLICE IN CUI L'ACCOMAN-	SOCIO COLECTIVO ES UNA	LIMITED COMPANY AS GENERAL
DATARIO È UNA S.R.L.	SOCIEDAD DE	PARTNER
	RESPONSABILIDAD LIMITADA	
Commerciante in proprio Ditta	Comerciante individual	Sole Proprietor
individuale		2010 1 10 2 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Titolare	Dueño, Titular	Proprietor
Contitolare	Copartícipe, Coproprietario de un	Co-owner
	negocio	
Unico proprietario	Proprietario único	Sole Proprietor
Procuratore	Factor	Authorized Agent
Associazione	Asociación	Association
Amministratore	Gerente	Managing Director
Amministratore delegato	Gerente Principal	General Executive Manager
Presidente	Presidente	President
Consiglio di amministrazione	Junta Directiva	Board of Directors/Executive Board
Presidente onorario	Presidente de Honor	Honorary Chairman of the Board of
2	2 2 COMMOTANO NO VIOLINA	Directors
Presidente	Presidente	Chairman of the Board of Directors
Comitata assautiva	Comité Control	Executive Committee
Comitato esecutivo	Comité Central	Executive Committee

GERMAN	British English	FRENCH
Sonstige Titel (other titles)		
Präsident	President	Président
Ehrenpräsident	Honorary President	Président d'Honneur
Generaldirektor	General Manager	Directeur Général
Stv. Generaldirektor	Assistant General Manager	Directeur Général Adjoint
Generalbevollmächtigter	General Manager	Directeur Général
Direktor	Manager	Directeur
Abteilungsdirektor	Division Manager	Chef de Division/Département
Prokurist	Authorised Officer	Fondé de Pouvoir Supérieur
Handlungsbevollmächtigter	Assistant Manager	Fondé de Pouvoir
Bevollmächtigter	Authorised Representative	Mandataire
Leiter der Rechtsabteilung	Head of Legal Department	Chef du Département Juridique
Leiter der Personalabteilung	Head of Personnel Department/	Chef du Personnel/Directeur du
	Personnel Manager	Personnel
Betriebsdirektor	Production Manager	Directeur Technique
Werksleiter	Works Manager	Directeur d'Usine
Hauptabteilungsleiter	Head of Division	Directeur de Division
Bereichsleiter	Head of Department	Directeur de Département
Betriebsleiter	Production Manager	Chef de Production

ITALIAN	SPANISH	AMERICAN ENGLISH
		er estar estados estados estados estados estados estados estados estados estados en estados en estados en esta
Presidente	Presidente	President
Presidente onorario	Presidente de Honor	Honorary President
Direttore generale	Director General	General Manager
Vice direttore generale	Vicedirector General	Assistant General Manager
Direttore generale	Director General	General Manager
Direttore	Director	Manager
Capo divisione	Jefe de Sección	Division Manager
Procuratore	Apoderado/Factor	Authorized Officer
Mandatario commerciale	Apoderado	Assistant Manager
Mandatario	Mandatario	Authorized Representative
Direttore dell'ufficio legale	Jefe del Departamento Jurídico	Head of Legal Department/General
<u>-</u>	_	Counsel
Direttore dell'ufficio personale	Jefe del Departamento de Recursos	Head of Personnel
	Humanos	Department/Personnel Manager
Direttore tecnico	Director Gerente	Production Manager
Direttore di fabbrica	Jefe de Talleres/de Planta	Plant Manager
Capo divisione	Jefe de Sección	Head of Division
Direttore di reparto	Jefe de Departamento	Head of Department
Direttore tecnico	Jefe de Producción	Production Manager

CARIBBEAN

Creole on the Tongue, Haiti in the Heart

This fascinating glimpse into the Haitian Creole language was submitted by one of our overseas monitors. While Creole language scholars do not normally use accent marks, we have included accents in the Creole examples in this article, because some Creole newspapers and educated speakers do use them.

I love Haitian Creole. It is much like the Haitian people. Deceptively simple. And hard as hell to pin down. Just when you think you've grasped it, it slips right through your fingers, shifting, evolving, mutating like a loup-garou.

This happens for a number of reasons, one being simply that, as is the case in other languages, certain Creole words carry multiple meanings. The common verb kanpe, for example, can in context mean stand/stop/loiter/park/rise up in protest/revolt/go on strike, and perhaps other things. Some illustrations:

- a) M'pa ka kanpé tout tan sa a. M'pral chita. I cannot stay on my feet for such a long a time. I'm going to sit down.
- b) Kanpé la ou m'ap tiré ou! Stop right there or I'll shoot!
- c) Sikilé, sikilé. Pa kanpé la. Get moving. Move along. Don't (you may not) stop/stand/park there.
- d) Sé pou tout ouvriyé kanpé. All workers should/must stop working/rise up in protest/go on strike.

Another reason is that Creole is mainly a spoken language and is not codified and standardized as languages like English and French are. When Creole speakers learn to read and write, they learn standard French, with all its formalized grammatical rules. It can seem, therefore, that Creole speakers speak their piece any way they see fit, leaving it to you to understand correctly.

One feature of Creole makes accurate understanding particularly difficult: Creole has modal particles, rather than auxiliary forms--may/must/might/should/can -- but these particles can also serve nonmodal functions. Some examples:

- --fo(k), used to convey the idea of necessity, duty, or obligation
- -- pral, used to convey the idea of intention -- mèt, used to convey the idea of permission
- -- ka, used to convey the idea of ability or possibility
- -- ta, used to convey the idea of advisability

Some examples of authentic utterances:

a) $F \hat{o} ou bay$. You have to contribute. (obligation)

b) M' pral achté-l'.
I'm going to buy it.

(intention)

c) Li pa la men ou mèt tann l'. He/she isn't here, but you may wait for him/her. (permission)

d) Wi m'ka palé kréyoll. I can indeed speak Creole.

(ability)

e) Pa fè sa! Ou ka mouri.
Don't do that. It could get you killed.

(possibility)

Ta is particularly tricky, especially when other features of Creole come into play, for it is also an indicator of the conditional and other categories, such as contrary to fact (what creolists call "irrealis"). And of course intonation plays a big role in meaning as well:

- a) Ou to di moun yo tounen lakay yo. (advisability/contrary to fact)
 You should tell/should have told the people to go back home/back where they came from.
- b) Ou ta di moun yo tounen lakay yo!
 Looks like they went back home/back where they came from.
- c) Ou ta di m'sa monchè! (contrary to fact)
 You should have told me!
- d) Ou pa ta bwè oun ti kafé? Wouldn't/Would you like a cup of coffee?
- e) Yo ta kontan wè-n'.
 They would be happy to see us/you (pl).
- f) Nou ta kontan wè yo. We would be happy to see them.
- g) Fò ou pa t'alé. You shouldn't have gone.
- h) Fò ou ta alé. You really ought to go.

As with any language, to be certain one is understanding accurately, one must have a context, and the linguistic context alone will often not suffice. Often one also needs the situational and cultural context in order to understand fully. Even a short, structurally simple sentence such as "Ouvriye yo kanpe" may, in the absence of context, be impossible to understand with certainty. The following possibilities come immediately to mind:

The workers have stopped working.

Their workers have stopped working.
The workers have risen up in protest.
Their workers are protesting.
The workers are on strike.
Their workers are on strike.

Which is it? Without a context, one simply cannot tell for sure. Does it matter? Well, it may or it may not, depending on the importance of the situation.

The language of a vital, highly creative people, Creole evolves rapidly, like other largely unwritten languages. And although linguistics researchers have compiled dictionaries and grammatical rules for Haitian Creole, there is no body of explicit, formalized grammar rules and dictionaries consulted by native speakers. Therefore, Creole can seem to mean essentially what the speaker intends and what the listener understands. (Of course, if there were no implicit grammar rules internalized by native speakers and if there were no system at all, no one could ever understand anything anyone else said. There is a system, it's just not something explicit, studied in language classes.)

This can make life in Haiti interesting, if wearing, for a language buff. Creole tries one's communicative skills, the way living in the political and economic instability of Haiti can try one's resolve. Sometimes it seems as if because reality has often been unkind to Haiti, Haiti rebels and makes its own. One occasion in particular remains vivid. It involved an ambassador, a general, a proverb, and a dream.

In the time of Prosper Avril, the Americans sent Haiti a new ambassador who, upon arrival in Port-au-Prince, made the customary brief remarks at the airport. In the course of his remarks, the ambassador employed a Haitian proverb: "Bourik chaje pa kanpe," he said. No one seems to remember what else he may have said, but all remember the event, because an uproar ensued.

"What did he mean?" Haitians asked one another. People all over Haiti analyzed the event. Interpretations of the message varied. Among those received were, as I recall:

-- A loaded donkey doesn't stop (meaning "the die is cast").

-- A loaded donkey is unable to stop, regardless of whether or not it might wish to do so.

- -- A loaded donkey may not (does not have a right to/will not be allowed to) stop until its final destination has been reached.
- -- A loaded donkey cannot rise up in protest.
- -- A loaded donkey is unable to revolt.
- -- This loaded donkey is not stopping.

Haitians quickly reached a consensus as to where the donkey was heading (elections); but just who was the donkey, Haitians were eager to know. Was it the ambassador or General Avril? And was this, then, a threat, or a promise of help? Haitians attributed particular significance to the fact that the ambassador had spoken Creole, a language the masses could actually understand.

Despite all U.S. statements to the contrary, a majority of Haitians were convinced that the election-day massacre that put an end to the 1987 elections had been, at the very least, sanctioned by the United States. Could the United States now be

advocating real participation of the Haitian masses in the political life of the nation? The very possibility threw the entire society into turmoil.

No one knew for sure what the ambassador had meant to say, but he had in effect said: A loaded donkey does not/must not/may not/cannot/should not/ is not going to stop. I wonder if the ambassador knew "kreyol pale kreyol konprann"? ("If/When Creole is the language employed, those whose language is Creole will get the message.")

Had the situation been less pathetic, one might have found the reactions of the different sectors amusing: the Macoutes became enraged; the elite disconcerted; the masses hopeful. Everyone did sit up and take notice. The general caught "la grippe" and had to postpone the ceremony for presentation of the ambassador's credentials.

Had the ambassador planned it all, or had Haiti once again chosen to create its own reality? I doubt we'll ever know.

Ma. del C. Liautaud

NEAR EAST/SOUTH ASIA

Problem Arabic and Islamic Terms

Shia/Shiite

The terms شیعی and شیعی should be rendered "Shia" and "Shiite," respectively. They are established English terms, and so we do not now use the FBIS transliteration, but rather the Anglicized spellings (without the apostrophe for 'ayn and without the "h" for taa' marbutah). This supersedes guidance in previous issues of NUTs, but only with regard to the spelling of these terms. The guidance on usage in Vol 2 No 1 1987 still stands:

Shia

the group/sect of Muslims, collective noun -- no plural form with "s" ("the Shia of southern Iraq")

Shiite

adjective and noun referring to the group or the people ("a group of Shiites, five Shiites, the Shiite sect, Shiite beliefs")

You Say Mojahedin, I Say Mujahidin

[as written in Arabic], meaning "fighters, champions of Islam" is spelled in various ways, depending on which language the spelling or transliteration is based on. FBIS policy is to render this term in the vernacular, with the spelling/transliteration based on the main language in the area of the particular group being discussed in the source. Therefore, Iranian and Afghan fighters are mojahedin, those in Arab countries are mujahidin, Turkish ones are mücahitler (or mücahidin), and so on. When in doubt use the common sense method -- if they're. say, in the former Yugoslavia, but we're not sure exactly which ethnic/linguistic group they belong to, pick the most likely language--say, Serbo-Croatian, resulting in muiahedin.

Above all, try to pick the spelling or transliteration that will be most recognizable to readers familiar with that region.

Religious Terms

The following Islamic religious terms can be confusing, especially for those not well-versed in English theological terminology:

و ه کفر	unbelief, atheism
كَفَرَ ، كَفَرَ بـ	blashpeme, blasphemy against
كافر	infidel, someone who is not a believer in the one God (i.e., Jews and Christians are not كفار, infidels)
كفارة	expiation, atonement
تكفير	accusation/charge of unbelief (this term does not mean "blasphemy")
تكفير عن ذنب	expiation, atonement
إلحاد ، ملحد	atheism, apostasy; atheist, apostate
مشرك، شرك	heretic, heresy; polytheist, polytheism
جاهلية	paganism
وثنية	idolatry

Ba'th

The party name البعث is transliterated Ba'th.

FBIS Staff

BEST OF NUTS

Spelling 'al-Qadhdhafi'

In the years since this article first appeared [Vol 1 No 3 1986], we have had requests for copies of it, and it has been useful in illustrating to those outside the foreign language field some of the problems of dealing with the romanization (transliteration) of foreign words into the roman script. This reprint contains some changes and corrections to the original.

Mu'ammar al-Qadhdhafi's last name has been spelled various ways in the press. As a result, people are always asking us Arabic linguists "How do you really spell 'al-Qadhdhafi'? Is it Kadafi, Gadafi or what?" The answer is "all of the above." Why? Here is the plain truth: His name is spelled <code>\(\beta\) \(\beta\) is 10 other words, his name is not spelled in Roman script. There are many ways to romanize the Arabic spelling of the Libyan leader's name depending on whether you remain true to the classical Arabic spelling al- $qa\delta\delta\bar{a}fi$, whether you want to reflect the Libyan dialect pronunciation al-gaddafi, what choice of characters you have on your printer to replace the phonetic δ with, or how sensitive you are to the linguistic limitations of your readers (how do you pronounce "dhdh" or "q" anyway in English?).</code>

The standard FBIS spelling, al-Qadhdhafi, represents some of the above. We use the system approved by the U.S. Board on Geographic names (BGN), but we eschew macrons and other confusing (to nonlinguists) phonetic symbols. This means we use "q" and double "dh" to reflect the standard Classical Arabic spelling and pronunciation.

On the next page is a matrix of the Libyan leader's name as it has appeared in the media and according to other romanization systems.

ARABIC SCRIPT	ال	ق		w i	1.	ف	ِي
PHONETIC TRANSCRIPTION	αl	q	α	δδ	α:	\mathbf{f}	i:
FBIS	al-	q	a	dhdh	a	${f f}$	i
BGN	al-	q	a	dhdh	ā	\mathbf{f}	ī
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS (but the Library uses the conventional "al-Qadhafi")	al-	q	a	<u>dhdh</u>	ā	f	ī
LIBYAN DIALECT	al	g	а	dd	a .	f	i
FRENCH INFLUENCE AND/ OR SENSITIVITY TO READERS' DISLIKE OF CLUTTER	el	k	а	dd	а	f	i
WHO NEEDS THE DEFINITE ARTICLE ANYWAY?		q	а	d	a - :	f	i
HE'S JUST LIKE 'KHOMEINI' (pronounced this way only by Dan Rather)		kh	а	d	a :	f	i ,
LIBYAN ENGLISH-LANG- UAGE PRESS (a variant)	al-	q	a	ddh	a	f	i
I CAN'T STAND TO SEE A "Q" WITHOUT A "U" AFTER IT	al-	qu	а	dh	а	f	i
SOME OTHER ARABS PRO- NOUNCE IT THIS WAY	al-	q	a	ZZ	а	f	i
INFLUENCE OF ENGLISH ORTHOGRAPHY	al-	q	a	th	a	f	i
NO ONE CAN FIGURE OUT WHERE THIS ONE CAME FROM (but we've seen it)	al-	C	.	d	O	ff	i

And no, we don't want to answer the question "How do you spell 'Mu'ammar'?"

 ${\it J.~Murgida~and~FBIS~staff}$

Southeast Asia Military Ranks

The original version of this article appeared in Vol 3 No 2 1989, and has been updated. We have added the Cambodian ranks, as well.

Military ranks in Indochina and Thailand are often a confusing point for editors of translations. The Thai, Lao, Cambodian, and Vietnamese systems of military titles divide their officers into three groups: company-grade officers, field-grade officers, and general officers. This parallels the American system. Unlike the American system, however, the differentiation between the groups is perfectly clear by the title used. For example, the Lao word for field grade officer is "phan" and the three levels within this group are differentiated by "ti," "tho," and "ek," -- literally "third," "second," and "first." Thus "phan ti" would be the lowest of the field-grade officers and "phan ek" would be the highest. In Vietnamese, the levels are differentiated by "thiếu," "trung," and "đại," -- literally "junior," "middle," and "great." (See the table below for further examples.)

For all four countries the term for general officer, "phon tri," "phon ti," "oudomsenei trei" or "thiếu tướng," is rendered "major general." "Phon tho" (the same in Lao and Thai), "oudomsenei tou" or "trung tướng" is rendered as "lieutenant general; and "phon ek" (again the same in Lao and Thai) oudomsenei ek, and "đại tướng" are "general."

The Thais have an extra field-grade officer rank which was created by adding the word "special" to the top field officer rank; this is "phan ek phiset," which we translate as "special colonel." Special colonels have the same pay as the brigadier general slot had and have some of the same collar insignia and status.

The State of Cambodia has inserted an extra officer rank at the company-, field-, and general grades. These extra "ek bamrong" are respectively captain, colonel, and senior lieutenant general. Their immediate superiors carry the unadorned "ek" title and are translated senior captain, senior colonel, and general.

In the past, VNA (English-language press service) rendered the top two general officer grades as "colonel general" and "senior general." Some years ago VNA began using "senior lieutenant general" and "general" for these two levels and has been using them consistently since. There is no basis in Vietnamese or Khmer for either set of renderings.

The Vietnamese field-grade rank of thượng úy was observed in the late 1970's, but have not been noted in recent media reporting. Recently, VNA has not been observed to render "đại tá" as "senior colonel." We do so to maintain the distinction between it and "thượng tá." We welcome readers' input on these ranks.

The table below summarizes the officer ranks for the four countries.

ENGLISH	THAI	LAO	VIETNAMESE	KHMER
Company -grad	le Officers			e de la companya de l
2d Lieutenant	ร้อยทีวี Roi Tri	ຮ້ອຍຕັ Hoi Ti	Thiếu Úy	អនុសេនិយក្រី Anusenei Trei
1st Lieutenant	ร้อยไท Roi Tho	ร้อยโป Hoi Tho	Trung Úy	អនុសេនីយទោ Anusenei Tou
Captain	ร ้อยเอก Roi Ek	ช้อย(วรา Hoi Ek	Đại Úy	អនុសេនីយឯកបម្រុង Anusenei Ek Bamrong
Senior Captain				អនុសេនីយៀក Anusenei Ek
and Albania Anglika salah				
Field-grade Of	ficers	•		
Major	พัน ว ารี Phan Tri	พัยตั Phan Ti	Thiếu Tá	វរសេនីយក្រី Voreaksenei Trei

ENGLISH	THAI	LAO	VIETNAMESE	KHMER
Lt Colonel	พันโท Phan Tho	พั่มโท Phan Tho	Trung Tá	វរសេនីយទោ Voreaksenei Tou
Colonel	พันเอก Phan Ek	พัฆเอก Phan Ek	Thượng Tá	វរសេនីយៀកបម្រុង Voreaksenei Ek Bamrong
Senior Colonel	er e		Đại Tá	វរសេនីយៀក Voreaksenei Ek
Special Colonel	พันเอกพิเศษ Phan Ek Phise	t		
General Officer	S			
Brigadier Genera	d	พิมจักตะอา Phon Jattava		
Major General	พล ชา Phon Tri	พิมติ Phon Ti	Thiếu Tướng	ខុត្តមសេនីយត្រី Oudomsenei Trei
Lt General	พลโท Phon Tho	ผิมโท Phon Tho	Trung Tướng	ឧត្តមសេនីយទោ Oudomsenei Tou
Sr Lt General			Thượng Tướng*	នុត្តមសេនីយឯកបម្រុង Oudomsenei Ek Bamrong
General	พลเอก Phon Ek	ພົ້ນເອກ Phon Ek	Đại Tướng**	ខុត្តមសេនីយបិក Oudomsenei Ek

^{*} The literal English translation of "thượng tướng" is "general," but the rank is equivalent to "oudomsenei ek bamrong."

 $FBIS\ Staff$

^{**} The literal English translation of "đại tướng" is "senior general," but it is equivalent to "phon ek" and "oudomsenei ek."

Notes

Saudi Arabia

For the Saudi legal term النظام الأساسي للحكم, FBIS uses basic code of government (rather than "constitution.")

Arabic

We have noted نيران صديقة used to mean friendly fire and الادارة في ظلّ الجودة الكلية to mean total quality management.

Italian

The Italian term *apologia di reato* means "instigation to commit an illegal act," and can be translated as "incitement to commit crime" or "calling for civil disobedience," depending on the context.

Military Ranks

Foreign military ranks should be translated literally, rather than converted to their U.S. equivalents. Such titles as Capitán-de-Mar-y-Guerra in some Spanish-speaking countries should be translated as Captain of Sea and War rather than just "Captain." This is in accordance with long-standing FBIS editorial practice and contradicts some terms found in the recently published FBIS Latin America reference aid Abbreviations and Acronyms in the Portuguese-Language Press (LAM-92-003 15 October 1992).

Polish

FBIS renders Karta Praw I Wolności as "Charter of Rights and Liberties," (not "Bill" or "Card" for Charter or "Freedoms" for Liberties).

Argentina

The spelling of the Argentine foreign minister's name is **Guido Di Tella** (with the "Di" capitalized). The name appears this way in the Argentine print media, contrary to the common practice with Hispanic names.

FBIS Standardization Decisions

Hebrew

FBIS translators should use the following for Hebrew terms referring to Israeli positions in the Golan Heights:

קו התלים הראשון: first mountain ridge line (a line of eight volcanic promontories extending from the base of Mount Hermon to the Sea of Galilee, forming Israel's current first line of defense on the Golan Heights)

קו התלים השני or קו הרמות השני: secondary defense line (some line to which Israel might propose pulling back as part of an agreement with Syria)

Former Czechoslovakia

The new countries formed after the dissolution of the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic are as follows:

Slovak Republic, short form Slovakia Czech Republic, no short form yet

Derived adjectives and nouns remain Czech(s) and Slovak(s).

LETTERS

Um, yes, informatics, yet again...

Roger Marcinik writes:

Thanks for the many useful and interesting articles and term lists over the years.

Here are some more examples of the use of "informatics." Enclosed is a page from the September 1992 issue of *Computers in Healthcare*. This example shows both an International as well as an American Medical Informatics Association.

As for its meaning, the Russian author of the article I am currently working on made sure his readers and the English translator got his interpretation of it right by printing his explanation in English, i.e. embracing both information science and computer science (in the June 1992 issue of Nauchnotekhnicheskaya informatsiya).

The Editor responds:

The last time we discussed the issue of how to translate French *informatique*, German *Informatika*, and all their cognates, into English (*NUTs* Vol 7 No 3 1992, "Letters") we said we were not tired of this subject. We're beginning to wonder about that.

Seriously, though, we have to admit that yes, the one information technology subfield in the United States which does use this otherwise "Eurospeak" term is "medical informatics." As pointed out in our earlier articles and letters on the subject, "informatics" is a handy, oneword term that covers several terms in English. It is tempting to use it, especially because it is making some headway in American parlance. However, we at FBIS will want to see U.S. computer industry and information technology publications use the word consistently (instead of all the synonyms now used) before we approve the adoption of "informatics" in our publications.

In the meantime, we acknowledge "medical informatics" as an exception.

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Notes:

Back issues of *No Uncertain Terms* are available from FBIS and NTIS (for NTIS subscribers, back issues start with Vol 7 No 4). Please see the last page of this issue for information on ordering *NUTs*.

The first issue of 1992 was numbered incorrectly. It should have been Vol 7 No 1, but it appeared as Vol 6 No 1 1992, instead.

FBIS REFERENCE AIDS PUBLISHED IN 1992

The following reference aids were published by FBIS in 1992.

Reference Aid: Abbreviations, Acronyms, and Terms in South Asia, JPRS-NEA-92-019, February 1992

Reference Aid: Japanese Organizations and their English Equivalents, JPRS-JST-92-010, 25 March 1992

Glossary of Selected Russian Social Science Terms, FBIS-USR-92-052, May 1992, 188 pages

Near East and South Asia Reference Aid; Arabic-English Nuclear Glossary, JPRS-NEA-92-072, 11 June 1992

Reference Aid: Abbreviations and Acronyms Used in the Polish Press, JPRS-EER-92-079, 23 June 1992, 283 pages (update)

Reference Aid: Abbreviations and Acronyms used in the Albanian Press, JPRS-EER-92-081, 25 June 1992, 40 pages

The Language of the Market, a glossary of Russian economic terms, translated by FBIS and with an index of English terms provided by FBIS. This reference is For Official Use Only and therefore is available only to U.S. Government subscribers.

Reference Aid: Abbreviations and Acronyms in the Latin American Press, JPRS-LAM-92-001, 7 July 1992, 671 pages (two volumes) (update).

Reference Aid: Abbreviations and Acronyms in the Portuguese-Language Press, LAM-92-003 15 October 1992, 183 pages. [Please see Military Ranks in the "Notes" section of this issue for a correction to this publication.] (new)

Reference Aid: Abbreviations and Acronyms Used in the German-Language Press, JPRS-WER-92-001, 23 November 1992, 1456 pages (new)

NEW FBIS REFERENCE AIDS

The following reference aids have been published by FBIS since the last issue of No Uncertain Terms:

Reference Aid: Abbreviations and Acronyms in the Portuguese-Language Press, LAM-92-003, 15 October 1992, 183 pages. [Please see **Military Ranks** in the "Notes" section of this issue for a correction to this publication.]

Reference Aid: Abbreviations and Acronyms Used in the German-Language Press, JPRS-WER-92-001, 23 November 1992, 1456 pages.

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INFORMATION ON ORDERING REFERENCE AIDS AND NO UNCERTAIN TERMS

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